substantive requirements under State law to obtain and hold any water rights not in existence on the date of enactment of this Act with respect to—

- (1) the San Gabriel Mountains National Monument:
- (2) the wilderness areas and additions; and (3) the components of the national wild and scenic rivers system designated by paragraphs (272), (273), (274), and (275) of section 3(a) of the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act (16 U.S.C. 1274(a)) (as added by section 5325(a)).

SA 4216. Mr. MARKEY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle G of title XII, add the following:

SEC. 1283. GLOBAL CLIMATE ASSISTANCE FUNDS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The amount authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2022 by this Act is the aggregate amount authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2022 by this Act minus one percent.
- (b) ALLOCATION.—The allocation of the reduction under subsection (a) shall be derived from the additional \$25,026,879,000 provided by the House of Representatives to the discretionary authorizations within the jurisdiction of the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives, as set forth on page 350 of the report of the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives accompanying H.R. 4350 of the 117th Congress (H. Rept. 117–118).
- (c) USE OF FUNDS.—Amounts from the reduction under subsection (a) shall be used by the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development and the Secretary of the Treasury, as appropriate, to increase the authorization of appropriations for funds to global climate assistance accounts, programs, organizations, and international financial institutions described in subsection (d) for the following purposes:
- (1) To reduce the risks to United States national security due to climate change, as set forth in the national intelligence estimate of the National Intelligence Council entitled "Climate Change and International Responses Increasing Challenges to US National Security Through 2040" (NIC-NIE-2021-10030-A).
- (2) To provide public climate financing to developing countries, with the objective of limiting the increase in global temperature at or below 1.5 degrees Celsius above pre-industrial levels.
- (d) GLOBAL CLIMATE ASSISTANCE ACCOUNTS, PROGRAMS, ORGANIZATIONS, AND INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS DESCRIBED.—The global climate assistance accounts, programs, organizations, and international financial institutions described in this subsection are the following:
 - (1) The Green Climate Fund.
 - (2) Global Environment Facility.
 - (3) Adaptation Programs.
 - (4) Sustainable Landscapes.
 - (5) Clean Energy Programs.(6) Biodiversity Programs.
 - (7) The Clean Technology Fund.
 - (8) Migration and Refugee Assistance.
 - (9) International Disaster Assistance.

- (10) Montreal Protocol Multilateral Fund (MLF).
- (11) The United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change.
 - (12) The Adaptation Fund.

SA 4217. Mr. CORNYN (for himself and Mr. KING) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title X, insert the following:

SEC. ____. STUDY ON SUPPLY CHAINS CRITICAL TO NATIONAL SECURITY.

Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence and the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency shall jointly—

- (1) complete a study-
- (A) to identify—
- (i) supply chains that are critical to the national security, economic security, or public health or safety of the United States; and
- (ii) important vulnerabilities in such supply chains; and
- (B) to develop recommendations for legislative or administrative action to secure the supply chains identified under subparagraph (A)(i); and
- (2) submit to the congressional intelligence committees (as that term is defined in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003)), the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate, and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives the findings of the directors with respect to the study conducted under paragraph (1).
- SA 4218. Mr. CORNYN (for himself and Ms. HASSAN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:
- At the end of subtitle C of title XII, add the following:

SEC. 838. MAINTENANCE OF CRITICAL SUPPLY LINES.

- (a) ADDITION OF CERTAIN ITEMS TO LIST OF HIGH-PRIORITY GOODS AND SERVICES FOR ANALYSES, RECOMMENDATIONS, AND ACTIONS RELATED TO SOURCING AND INDUSTRIAL CA-PACITY.—Section 849(c) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
 - "(14) Unmanned aerial systems."
- (b) DESIGNATION OF CRITICAL TECHNOLOGY AREAS.—Section 217(b)(2) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283) is amended—
- (1) in subparagraph (A), by striking "; and" and inserting a semicolon;

- (2) in subparagraph (B), by striking the semicolon and inserting "; and"; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
- "(C) a strategy to support domestic manufacturing and industrial base capabilities to support future defense requirements;".
- (c) COMPTROLLER GENERAL REPORT ON ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE FOR INDUSTRIAL BASE POLICY.—
- (1) BRIEFING AND REPORT.—Not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the Comptroller General's preliminary findings related to the topics set forth in paragraph (2). The Comptroller General shall submit to such committees a report with a final description and assessment of such topics at an agreed upon date.
- (2) TOPICS COVERED.—The topics referred to under paragraph (1) are as follows:
- (A) The strategy, effectiveness, and responsibilities of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Industrial Base Policy.
- (B) The efforts of the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering and the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment to assess the manufacturing and procurement of critical materials, including describing the offices and individuals that are responsible for identifying critical materials supply chain shortfalls, how such shortfalls are identified, and any variation in methods used across the Department of Defense.
- (C) The efforts of the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering and the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment to implement procedures to protect supply chains for critical programs and technologies and disseminate that information to other appropriate Federal agencies and organizations.
- (D) Such other matters as the Comptroller General determines appropriate.

SA 4219. Mr. BRAUN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle E of title VIII, add the following:

SEC. 857. CONTRACTING-RELATED FRAUD RISK ASSESSMENT.

The Secretary of Defense shall—

- (1) conduct an assessment of all of the risks of fraud relating to Department of Defense contracting, including any such risks not previously reported as a material weakness; and
 - (2) submit to Congress a report on—
- (A) the areas with the most significant weaknesses across the Department; and
- (B) plans for the remediation of those weaknesses.

SA 4220. Mr. BRAUN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of

Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle G of title V, add the following:

SEC. 596. AUTHORIZATION FOR HONORARY PRO-MOTION OF MASTER SERGEANT HAROLD B. PHARIS, UNITED STATES ARMY (RETIRED), TO SERGEANT MAJOR.

- (a) HONORARY PROMOTION.—The honorary promotion of Master Sergeant Harold B. Pharis, United States Army (retired), to the grade of Sergeant Major is hereby authorized
- (b) Additional Benefits Not to Accrue.— The honorary promotion of Harold B. Pharis pursuant to subsection (a) shall not affect the retired pay or other benefits from the United States to which Harold B. Pharis is entitled based upon his military service or affect any benefits to which any other person may become entitled based on his military service.

SA 4221. Mr. BRAUN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle G of title X, add the following:

SEC. 1064. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING CRISIS AT THE SOUTHWEST LAND BORDER.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:
- (1) There were 1,300,000 illegal crossings between January, 2021, and July, 2021, across the Southwest land border of the United States.
- (2) The 212,672 migrant encounters at the Southwest land border in July 2021 was a 21-year high.
- (3) Noncitizens with criminal convictions are routinely encountered at ports of entry and between ports of entry on the Southwest land border.
- (4) Some of the inadmissible individuals encountered at the Southwest land border are known or suspected terrorists.
- (5) Transnational criminal organizations routinely move illicit drugs, counterfeit products, and trafficked humans across the Southwest land border.
- (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—
- (1) the current level of illegal crossings and trafficking on the Southwest border represents a national security threat;
- (2) the Department of Defense has rightly contributed personnel to aid the efforts of the United States Government to address the crisis at the Southwest border;
- (3) the National Guard and active duty members of the Armed Forces are to be commended for their hard work and dedication in their response to the crisis at the Southwest land border; and
- (4) border security is a matter of national security and the failure to address the crisis at the Southwest land border introduces significant risk to the people of the United States.

SA 4222. Mr. BRAUN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title V, insert the following:

SEC. ____. SHARING OF INFORMATION REGARD-ING SAFETY INVESTIGATIONS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

- (a) Submittal of Information to Congress.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall—
- (A) upon request of a member of Congress for information regarding a safety investigation conducted by the Department of Defense, not later than 30 days after the date on which the Secretary receives the request, submit to the member of Congress the information requested; and
- (B) not later than 30 days after the date of the completion of an investigation with respect to which the Secretary submitted information under subparagraph (A) to a member of Congress, submit to the member updated information with respect to the investigation.
- (2) REDACTION.—The Secretary of Defense may not redact any information submitted under paragraph (1).
- (3) FORM.—Information submitted under paragraph (1) may be submitted in classified form as the Secretary determines necessary to protect national security and the investigatory process.
- (b) SHARING OF INFORMATION AMONG MILITARY DEPARTMENTS.—For each safety investigation conducted by the Department of Defense that involves equipment used by more than one military department, the Secretary of Defense shall, not later than 30 days after the date of the completion of the safety investigation, ensure that information regarding the investigation is transmitted to the Secretary of each military department that uses such equipment.

SA 4223. Mr. BRAUN (for himself, Mrs. BLACKBURN, Mr. SCOTT of Florida, and Ms. ERNST) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle \boldsymbol{A} of title \boldsymbol{X} of division $\boldsymbol{A},$ add the following:

SEC. 10___. SENSE OF SENATE REGARDING REC-OGNIZING NATIONAL DEBT AS A THREAT TO NATIONAL SECURITY.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
 (1) in September 2020, the total public debt outstanding of the United States was more than \$26,000,000,000, resulting in a total interest expense of more than \$371,000,000,000 for fiscal year 2020;
- (2) in September 2019, the total public debt as a percentage of gross domestic product was about 100 percent;

- (3) leaders of the Congressional Budget Office and the Government Accountability Office have testified that—
- (A) the growth of the public debt is unsustainable; and
- (B) Congress must undertake extensive fiscal consolidation to combat that growth;
- (4) the last Federal budget surplus occurred in 2001;
- (5) in fiscal year 2020, Federal tax receipts totaled \$3,420,000,000,000, but Federal outlays totaled \$6,652,000,000,000, leaving the Federal Government with a 1-year deficit of \$3,132,000,000,000;
- (6) since the last Federal budget surplus occurred in 2001, Congress—
- (A) has failed to maintain a fiscally responsible budget; and
- (B) has had to raise the debt ceiling repeatedly;
- (7) the Medicare Board of Trustees projects that the Medicare Hospital Insurance Trust Fund will be depleted in 2026;
- (8) the Social Security and Medicare Boards of Trustees project that the Disability Insurance and the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Funds will be depleted in 2026 and 2031, respectively;
- (9) heavy indebtedness increases the exposure of the Federal Government to interest rate risks:
- (10) the credit rating of the United States was reduced by Standard and Poor's from AAA to AA+ on August 5, 2011, and has remained at that level ever since:
- (11) without a targeted effort to balance the Federal budget, the credit rating of the United States will continue to fall:
- (12) improvements in the business climate in populous countries, and aging populations around the world, will likely contribute to higher global interest rates:
- (13) more than \$7,000,000,000,000 of Federal debt is owned by individuals not located in the United States, including more than \$1,000,000,000,000 of which is owned by individuals in China:
- (14) China and the European Union are developing alternative payment systems to weaken the dominant position of the United States dollar as a reserve currency:
- (15) rapidly increasing interest rates will squeeze all policy priorities of the United States, including defense policy and foreign policy priorities;
- (16) the National Security Strategy of the United States, as of the date of enactment of this Act, highlights the need to reduce the national debt through fiscal responsibility;
- (17) on April 12, 2018, former Secretary of Defense James Mattis warned that "any Nation that can't keep its fiscal house in order eventually cannot maintain its military power";
- (18) on March 6, 2018, former Director of National Intelligence Dan Coats warned: "Our continued plunge into debt is unsustainable and represents a dire future threat to our economy and to our national security";
- (19) on November 15, 2017, former Secretaries of Defense Leon Panetta, Ash Carter, and Chuck Hagel warned: "Increase in the debt will, in the absence of a comprehensive budget that addresses both entitlements and revenues, force even deeper reductions in our national security capabilities"; and
- (20) on September 22, 2011, former Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff Michael Mullen warned: "I believe the single, biggest threat to our national security is debt."
- (b) SENSE OF THE SENATE.—It is the sense of the Senate that—
- (1) the national debt is a threat to the national security of the United States;
- (2) persistent, structural deficits are unsustainable, irresponsible, and dangerous; and